North Carolina's Surfing History

By John Hairr and Ben Wunderly

hen one thinks about the words history and surfing together, the mind may conjure up images of surfers challenging the big waves off Hawaii. or perhaps even of Samoans or Australians riding a lonely beach in the remote Pacific. Then, when one considers the famous surfing locations along the East Coast of the United States, one might dream up images of Cocoa Beach, Florida

or Atlantic City, New Jersey. One might not be inclined to include North Carolina among such hallowed surfing locales. But that would be a mistake. Although it is impossible to determine who rode the first wave or made the first surfboard at any of these places, we do know that surfing has been taking place in the Old North State for more than a century.

As coastal economies shifted to more

tourism and recreation-based businesses and people began to afford more free time for travel and leisure, sports like surfing gained popularity along the Carolina shore. Who would have guessed that people would be trying such an odd activity as riding a wave toward the sand on a wooden plank at places like Wrightsville Beach or Kitty Hawk? As a matter of fact, it was eventually discovered that the beaches of the outer barrier islands produced some of the best waves on the eastern seaboard, spawning a sizeable industry of surfboard shapers and surf shops in North Carolina, not to mention producing some very talented competitive surfers as well.

In the summer of 2013, we began making plans for a special program and exhibit detailing the history of surfing along the coast of North Carolina. There have been some really

good localized efforts to chronicle the history of the sport. such as Peter Fritzler's work with the Cape Fear Surfing Archive at the University of North Carolina in Wilmington, but there was as yet no effort to investigate the story of surfing as it relates to the state as a whole. None can argue that surfing is a quintessential maritime activity. We therefore set out to see what we could find that was pertinent to our project.

To accom-

alive today who

were instrumen-

tal in the growth

plish this, it Lumina, Best Dancing Pavilion on South was necessary Atlantic Coast, Wrightsville Beach, near Wilmington, N. C. that we begin LUMINA assembling documentation from a variety of sources to learn as much as we can about the history of surfing here in North Carolina. In addition to the traditional primary sources such as photographs, magazines and newspapers, it became evident that there are still many people

Can you find the man with a surfboard? This postcard shows the Lumina at Wrightsville Beach, and was postmarked June of 1917. Photo is from the Durwood Barbour Collection of North Carolina Postcards, courtesy North Carolina Collection Photographic Archives, Wilson Library, UNC-Chapel Hill.

of the sport in the second half of the 20th century. So part of the effort has been to contact these people to find out firsthand what they recall about certain aspects of the sport.

We also set out to try to determine as closely as possible at what point in time surfing came to North Carolina. Stories abound of surfers travelling down from Virginia and New Jersey looking for waves to ride, and discovering that the beaches along the Outer Banks produced some of the best waves on the East Coast. Meanwhile, further down the coast in Onslow County, military personnel and their families were surfing at Onslow Beach. Most of this wave of surfers began moving down into the area in the 1950s and 1960s, when surfing began to capture the national imagination thanks to movies, music and television.

What we have found is that the sport of surfing has roots much deeper in North Carolina's past, and was practiced at an earlier date than most folks realize. As of now, we cannot say unequivocally that surfing along the East Coast of the United States started in North Carolina, any more than other locales in the region can make the same claim. We do know that surfing along the North Carolina coast was being practiced at least as far back as the first decade of the 20th century, which makes it coeval with the point in time when surfing, which had nearly died out, was undergoing a revival in Hawaii. There are also some intriguing hints that surfing in North Carolina predates the famous surfing exhibitions of George Freeth in California in 1907, which many acknowledge as the birth of the sport along the West Coast of the United States.

Our research has uncovered some long forgotten surfing pioneers from North Carolina. For instance, Burke Bridgers of Wrightsville Beach and several of his friends were experimenting with surfing techniques there off Wrightsville Beach as early as 1909. We know this thanks to a letter Bridgers penned to Alexander Hume Ford, a South Carolinian who was a major contributor to the survival and spread of the sport from Hawaii. Bridger's activities along the Cape Fear Coast are being investigated today by Skipper Funderberg, a surfing pioneer in his own right, who has spent much time and effort tracking down the history of the sport in the Wilmington area.

Although we have so far not found any other North Carolina surfing activities that predate Bridgers and his associates at Wrightsville, we have been able to establish the fact that surfing was being practiced along the Outer Banks much earlier than previously thought. For instance, we know that surfing was taking place at the resort hotels of the southern Outer Banks in the vicinity of Morehead City and Beaufort as early as the summer of 1911.

One of the most intriguing facts uncovered so far is that surfing may have been introduced to the northern Outer Banks directly from Polynesia in the 1920s. In the summer of 1928, Willie Kaiama and his team of Hawaiian entertainers were giving surfing demonstrations as part of the special events marking the celebration of Virginia Dare Day at Roanoke Island and Virginia Dare Shores in Dare County in August of 1928. A press release for the event noted, "The program there will begin at 11 o'clock in the morning, and will include a demonstration of surfboard riding by Willie Kaiama, member of a troupe of native Hawaiians now at the shores, as well as foot races, swimming contests and a bathing beauty contest, with a dance that night."

A few years after Kaiama and his troupe were putting on their surfing demonstrations, another individual was experimenting with surfing along the northern Outer Banks. Thomas Fearing of Manteo is credited by historian David Stick with being one of the earliest surfers in that area. Stick noted that Fearing built a Hawaiian-type surfboard that was capable of carrying two people. Whether Fearing, who practiced his surfing in the 1930s,



Willie Kaiama and his associates were giving surfing demonstrations as part of their Polynesian cultural shows across the eastern US, including in Dare County in the summer of 1928. Included in this photo taken at nearby Virginia Beach in 1931 are Willie Kaiama, Ernest Kamiki, Keoiki Kaeliki, Princess Lei Lehua and Doreen Tryon.

was influenced by Kaiama, is unknown at the present. Unfortunately, Fearing's surfing activities were cut short by the onset of World War II and his subsequent death when his Grumman Hellcat crashed in the South Pacific in April of 1944.

The sport of surfing grew from these early efforts, and over the past hundred years there have been some notable achievements in the sport in North Carolina. Organized surfing contests began as early as 1965 in Wrightsville Beach. The First Annual North Carolina Invitational Tournament was held at Atlantic Beach in June of 1967. The East Coast Surfing Association's Championship, which eventually became known as continued...



In 1967 Atlantic Surfing magazine did an article on surfing along the beaches of the lower Onslow Bay, one of the highlighted locations was within a stone's throw of Fort Fisher. In this photo, taken by Robert Parker, Jim Allen enjoys surfing at one of the Confederacy's last coastal strongholds. Image courtesy of the special collections at the University of North Carolina at Wilmington, Randall Library.

The Easterns®, was first held at Cape Hatteras in Dare County in September of 1971. A contest called the East Coast Wahine Championship of Surfing, specifically designed for female surfers, was first held at Wrightsville Beach in August of 1997.

Today surfing has grown into a popular pastime that generates billions of dollars annually for coastal communities. No longer do the stereotypes apply of anti-social surfers shirking family and professional responsibilities just to focus on the next big swell. Surfing has become as much a recognized sport as other independent activities, such as golf or skiing. Surfers of today include doctors, lawyers, police officers, scientists, artists and many more walks of life. A 2007 article in the *New York Times* estimated that nearly two million people in the United States consider themselves active surfers, and a 2011 report by

Surf-First and the Surfrider Foundation discovered that, out of the top seven most surfer populated states in the country, North Carolina's surfers ranked the highest in percent employed. This translates to big dollars, especially when you include the sale of merchandise to nonsurfers and lessons for first timers. Surfing apparel alone represents annual sales in the \$8 billion + range in the global economy. The 2011 report estimated the average spent on a surfing excursion in the United States, that is, a one-time trip to a somewhat local beach, was \$66 per visit. This would lend an additional \$36 million annually to the equation. That same report reveals that the average



Surfer Bobby Michele surfing waves kicked up by Hurricane Faith off Kitty Hawk in August of 1966. Photo appeared in July 1967 issue of *Surfer* magazine.

expenditure per visit in North Carolina is \$111, contributing over \$3 million to the state's economy every year. All the more reason to recognize the importance of the sport from a historical and cultural standpoint considering the role it has and continues to play in the state's economy.

We hope you will join us this summer as we continue exploring the history of surfing in North Carolina. The first event, scheduled for June 26 at 7:00 p.m., is a special presentation on Alexander Hume Ford and the early history of surfing in Onslow Bay. We will also discuss the research efforts and some findings related to our Surfing NC Timeline project.

